--Q_3 is a 5-6 membered aromatic carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring system, or an 8-10 membered bicyclic ring system comprising aromatic carbocyclic rings, aromatic heterocyclic rings or a combination of an aromatic carbocyclic ring and an aromatic heterocyclic ring. The rings of Q_3 are substituted with 1 to 4 substituents, each of which is independently selected from halo; C_1-C_3 alkyl optionally substituted with NR'_2, OR', CO_2R' or $CONR'_2$; O-(C_1-C_3)-alkyl optionally substituted with NR'_2, OR', CO_2R' or $CONR'_2$; NR'_2; OCF_3; CF_3; NO_2; CO_2R'; [[CONR']]CONHR'; SR'; $S(O_2)N(R')_2$; SCF_3; CN; $N(R')C(O)R^4$; $N(R')C(O)OR^4$; $N(R')C(O)C(O)R^4$; $N(R')S(O_2)R^4$; $N(R')R^4$; $N(R^4)_2$; OR^4; $OC(O)R^4$; $OP(O)_3H_2$; or [[N=C-$N(R')_2$]]N=CH-$N(R')_2$. --

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 36, line 12, with the following rewritten paragraph:

--According to another preferred embodiment, Q_3 is a monocyclic carbocyclic ring, wherein each ortho substituent is independently selected from halo or methyl. According to another preferred embodiment, Q_3 contains 1 or 2 additional substituents independently selected from NR'_2, OR', CO_2R' CN, $N(R')C(O)R^4$; $N(R')C(O)OR^4$; $N(R')C(O)C(O)R^4$; $N(R')S(O_2)R^4$; $N(R')R^4$; $N(R^4)_2$; OR^4; $OC(O)R^4$; $OP(O)_3H_2$; or [[N=C-$N(R')_2$]]N=CH-$N(R')_2$.--

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Please replace the chemical structures of Table 4, depicted at pages 41-47, with the following redrawn chemical structures:

--Table 4. Formula Ig Inhibitors.